INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH IN COMPUTER APPLICATION & MANAGEMENT



A Monthly Double-Blind Peer Reviewed (Refereed/Juried) Open Access International e-Journal - Included in the International Serial Directories

Index Copernicus Publishers Panel, Poland with IC Value of 5.09 & number of libraries all around the world.

Circulated all over the world & Google has verified that scholars of more than 3412 Cities in 173 countries/territories are visiting our journal on regular basis.

Ground Floor, Building No. 1041-C-1, Devi Bhawan Bazar, JAGADHRI – 135 003, Yamunanagar, Haryana, INDIA

CONTENTS

Sr. No.	TITLE & NAME OF THE AUTHOR (S)	Page No.
1.	PARADIGM SHIFT IN TEACHING AND LEARNING: BOTSWANALISATION OF THE LEARNING ARCHITECTURE BASED ON COLLABORATIVE CONSTRUCTIVISM RODRECK CHIRAU, MUKAI TURUGARE & RANGANAI TURUGARE	1
2.	BEHAVIORAL STUDY OF RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS OF A SYSTEM MODEL WITH BIVARIATE EXPONENTIAL FAILURE AND REPAIR TIMES PAWAN KUMAR	8
3.	TEACHING – IS IT A PROFESSION OR PROCESSION? DR. JEEMON JOSEPH	14
4.	CONSUMER PREFERENCES TOWARDS CONSTRUCTED HOUSES IN INDORE CITY ANKITA PANDEY, DR. AVINASH DESAI & DR. RAJESHRI DESAI	17
5.	DATA MINING IN HIGHER EDUCATION: A SURVEY SANJIV DATTA	23
6.	EFFECTS OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ON DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ALPANA	26
7.	SPICE ROUTE INDIA SHUBHADA GALA	32
8.	CHALLENGES FACED BY HORTICULTURE BUSINESS IN JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE AASIM MIR	35
9.	PERMANENT IDENTIFICATION OF SKIN MARKS (PISM): A HYBRID APPROACH FOR ROBUST FACE RECOGNITION NEHA VERMA, SUMIT PAL SINGH KHERA & YASMIN SHAIKH	41
10.	APPLICATION OF QUALITY CONTROL CHART IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES USING A LOSS FUNCTION APPROACH OBAFEMI, O.S., IGE, S.O. & IBRAHEEM, A.G	44
11.	CHALLENGES ON ICT IMPLEMENTATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS DR. V. BALACHANDRAN, KALIYAPERUMAL KARTHIKEYAN & A. NAMACHIVAYAM	50
12.	AVAILABILITY OF POWER SUPPLY FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN NIGERIA: A CASE STUDY OF ODOGBE FARMS LTD. OKHUELEIGBE E.I. & IBRAHEEM U.F.	54
13.	A ROLE OF SMALL INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES AT BANGALORE: AN EMPIRICAL STUDY BHAVESH RATHOD & KIRAN KUMARTHOTI	57
14.	MVA AND EVA IN TOP TEN SOFTWARE COMPANIES IN INDIA: ANOVA N.SARANYA	60
15.	THE STUDIES ON UNDERSTANDING THE DEMOGRAPHICS OF CUSTOMERS' AND THEIR ATTITUDES TOWARDS (CRM) PRACTICES: AN EXPLORATORY STUDY OF THE FIVE SELECT PUBLIC SECTOR BANKS IN ODISHA SWAYAMBHU KALYAN MISHRA	66
	REQUEST FOR FEEDBACK & DISCLAIMER	70

CHIEF PATRON

PROF. K. K. AGGARWAL

Chairman, Malaviya National Institute of Technology, Jaipur
(An institute of National Importance & fully funded by Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India)
Chancellor, K. R. Mangalam University, Gurgaon
Chancellor, Lingaya's University, Faridabad
Founder Vice-Chancellor (1998-2008), Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University, Delhi
Ex. Pro Vice-Chancellor, Guru Jambheshwar University, Hisar

FOUNDER PATRON

LATE SH. RAM BHAJAN AGGARWAL

Former State Minister for Home & Tourism, Government of Haryana Former Vice-President, Dadri Education Society, Charkhi Dadri Former President, Chinar Syntex Ltd. (Textile Mills), Bhiwani

CO-ORDINATOR

DR. SAMBHAV GARG

Faculty, Shree Ram Institute of Business & Management, Urjani

ADVISORS

DR. PRIYA RANJAN TRIVEDI

Chancellor, The Global Open University, Nagaland

PROF. M. S. SENAM RAJU

Director A. C. D., School of Management Studies, I.G.N.O.U., New Delhi

PROF. S. L. MAHANDRU

Principal (Retd.), MaharajaAgrasenCollege, Jagadhri

EDITOR

PROF. R. K. SHARMA

Professor, Bharti Vidyapeeth University Institute of Management & Research, New Delhi

EDITORIAL ADVISORY BOARD

DR. RAJESH MODI

Faculty, YanbuIndustrialCollege, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

PROF. PARVEEN KUMAR

Director, M.C.A., Meerut Institute of Engineering & Technology, Meerut, U. P.

PROF. H. R. SHARMA

Director, Chhatarpati Shivaji Institute of Technology, Durg, C.G.

PROF. MANOHAR LAL

Director & Chairman, School of Information & Computer Sciences, I.G.N.O.U., New Delhi

PROF. ANIL K. SAINI

Chairperson (CRC), GuruGobindSinghl. P. University, Delhi

PROF. R. K. CHOUDHARY

Director, Asia Pacific Institute of Information Technology, Panipat

DR. ASHWANI KUSH

Head, Computer Science, UniversityCollege, KurukshetraUniversity, Kurukshetra

DR. BHARAT BHUSHAN

Head, Department of Computer Science & Applications, GuruNanakKhalsaCollege, Yamunanagar

DR. VIJAYPAL SINGH DHAKA

Dean (Academics), Rajasthan Institute of Engineering & Technology, Jaipur

DR. SAMBHAVNA

Faculty, I.I.T.M., Delhi

DR. MOHINDER CHAND

Associate Professor, KurukshetraUniversity, Kurukshetra

DR. MOHENDER KUMAR GUPTA

Associate Professor, P.J.L.N.GovernmentCollege, Faridabad

DR. SAMBHAV GARG

Faculty, Shree Ram Institute of Business & Management, Urjani

DR. SHIVAKUMAR DEENE

Asst. Professor, Dept. of Commerce, School of Business Studies, Central University of Karnataka, Gulbarga

DR. BHAVET

Faculty, Shree Ram Institute of Business & Management, Urjani

<u>ASSOCIATE EDITORS</u>

PROF. ABHAY BANSAL

Head, Department of Information Technology, Amity School of Engineering & Technology, Amity University, Noida

PROF. NAWAB ALI KHAN

Department of Commerce, AligarhMuslimUniversity, Aligarh, U.P.

ASHISH CHOPRA

Sr. Lecturer, Doon Valley Institute of Engineering & Technology, Karnal

TECHNICAL ADVISOR

AMITA

Faculty, Government M. S., Mohali

FINANCIAL ADVISORS

DICKIN GOYAL

Advocate & Tax Adviser, Panchkula

NEENA

Investment Consultant, Chambaghat, Solan, Himachal Pradesh

LEGAL ADVISORS

JITENDER S. CHAHAL

Advocate, Punjab & Haryana High Court, Chandigarh U.T.

CHANDER BHUSHAN SHARMA

Advocate & Consultant, District Courts, Yamunanagar at Jagadhri

SUPERINTENDENT

SURENDER KUMAR POONIA

1

CALL FOR MANUSCRIPTS

We invite unpublished novel, original, empirical and high quality research work pertaining to recent developments & practices in the areas of Computer Science & Applications; Commerce; Business; Finance; Marketing; Human Resource Management; General Management; Banking; Economics; Tourism Administration & Management; Education; Law; Library & Information Science; Defence & Strategic Studies; Electronic Science; Corporate Governance; Industrial Relations; and emerging paradigms in allied subjects like Accounting; Accounting Information Systems; Accounting Theory & Practice; Auditing; Behavioral Accounting; Behavioral Economics; Corporate Finance; Cost Accounting; Econometrics; Economic Development; Economic History; Financial Institutions & Markets; Financial Services; Fiscal Policy; Government & Non Profit Accounting; Industrial Organization; International Economics & Trade; International Finance; Macro Economics; Micro Economics; Rural Economics; Co-operation; Demography: Development Planning; Development Studies; Applied Economics; Development Economics; Business Economics; Monetary Policy; Public Policy Economics; Real Estate; Regional Economics; Political Science; Continuing Education; Labour Welfare; Philosophy; Psychology; Sociology; Tax Accounting; Advertising & Promotion Management; Management Information Systems (MIS); Business Law; Public Responsibility & Ethics; Communication; Direct Marketing; E-Commerce; Global Business; Health Care Administration; Labour Relations & Human Resource Management; Marketing Research; Marketing Theory & Applications; Non-Profit Organizations; Office Administration/Management; Operations Research/Statistics; Organizational Behavior & Theory; Organizational Development; Production/Operations; International Relations; Human Rights & Duties; Public Administration; Population Studies; Purchasing/Materials Management; Retailing; Sales/Selling; Services; Small Business Entrepreneurship; Strategic Management Policy; Technology/Innovation; Tourism & Hospitality; Transportation Distribution; Algorithms; Artificial Intelligence; Compilers & Translation; Computer Aided Design (CAD); Computer Aided Manufacturing; Computer Graphics; Computer Organization & Architecture; Database Structures & Systems; Discrete Structures; Internet; Management Information Systems; Modeling & Simulation; Neural Systems/Neural Networks; Numerical Analysis/Scientific Computing; Object Oriented Programming; Operating Systems; Programming Languages; Robotics; Symbolic & Formal Logic; Web Design and emerging paradigms in allied subjects.

Anybody can submit the **soft copy** of unpublished novel; original; empirical and high quality **research work/manuscript anytime** in **M.S. Word format** after preparing the same as per our **GUIDELINES FOR SUBMISSION**; at our email address i.e. infoijrcm@gmail.com or online by clicking the link **online submission** as given on our website (**FOR ONLINE SUBMISSION, CLICK HERE**).

GUIDELINES FOR SUBMISSION OF MANUSCRIPT

	DATED:
THE EDITOR	
IJRCM	
Subject: SUBMISSION OF MANUSCRIPT IN THE AREA OF	
(e.g. Finance/Marketing/HRM/General Management/Economics/Psychology	gy/Law/Computer/IT/Engineering/Mathematics/other, please specify)
DEAR SIR/MADAM	
Please find my submission of manuscript entitled '	' for possible publication in your journals.
I hereby affirm that the contents of this manuscript are original. Furthermounder review for publication elsewhere.	re, it has neither been published elsewhere in any language fully or part
I affirm that all the author (s) have seen and agreed to the submitted version	of the manuscript and their inclusion of name (s) as co-author (s).
Also, if my/our manuscript is accepted, I/We agree to comply with the for contribution in any of your journals.	ormalities as given on the website of the journal & you are free to p
NAME OF CORRESPONDING AUTHOR:	
Designation:	
Affiliation with full address, contact numbers & Pin Code:	
Residential address with Pin Code:	
Mobile Number (s):	The state of the s
Landline Number (s):	
E-mail Address:	
Alternate E-mail Address:	

- a) The whole manuscript is required to be in **ONE MS WORD FILE** only (pdf. version is liable to be rejected without any consideration), which will start from the covering letter, inside the manuscript.
- b) The sender is required to mention the following in the SUBJECT COLUMN of the mail: New Manuscript for Review in the area of (Finance/Marketing/HRM/General Management/Economics/Psychology/Law/Computer/IT/Engineering/Mathematics/other, please specify)
- c) There is no need to give any text in the body of mail, except the cases where the author wishes to give any specific message w.r.t. to the manuscript.
- The total size of the file containing the manuscript is required to be below 500 KB.
- e) Abstract alone will not be considered for review, and the author is required to submit the complete manuscript in the first instance.
- f) The journal gives acknowledgement w.r.t. the receipt of every email and in case of non-receipt of acknowledgment from the journal, w.r.t. the submission of manuscript, within two days of submission, the corresponding author is required to demand for the same by sending separate mail to the journal.
- 2. MANUSCRIPT TITLE: The title of the paper should be in a 12 point Calibri Font. It should be bold typed, centered and fully capitalised.
- 3. AUTHOR NAME (S) & AFFILIATIONS: The author (s) full name, designation, affiliation (s), address, mobile/landline numbers, and email/alternate email address should be in italic & 11-point Calibri Font. It must be centered underneath the title.
- 4. ABSTRACT: Abstract should be in fully italicized text, not exceeding 250 words. The abstract must be informative and explain the background, aims, methods, results & conclusion in a single para. Abbreviations must be mentioned in full.

- 5. **KEYWORDS**: Abstract must be followed by a list of keywords, subject to the maximum of five. These should be arranged in alphabetic order separated by commas and full stops at the end.
- 6. MANUSCRIPT: Manuscript must be in <u>BRITISH ENGLISH</u> prepared on a standard A4 size <u>PORTRAIT SETTING PAPER</u>. It must be prepared on a single space and single column with 1" margin set for top, bottom, left and right. It should be typed in 8 point Calibri Font with page numbers at the bottom and centre of every page. It should be free from grammatical, spelling and punctuation errors and must be thoroughly edited.
- 7. **HEADINGS**: All the headings should be in a 10 point Calibri Font. These must be bold-faced, aligned left and fully capitalised. Leave a blank line before each heading.
- 8. SUB-HEADINGS: All the sub-headings should be in a 8 point Calibri Font. These must be bold-faced, aligned left and fully capitalised.
- 9. MAIN TEXT: The main text should follow the following sequence:

INTRODUCTION

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

NEED/IMPORTANCE OF THE STUDY

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

OBJECTIVES

HYPOTHESES

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

FINDINGS

RECOMMENDATIONS/SUGGESTIONS

CONCLUSIONS

SCOPE FOR FURTHER RESEARCH

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

REFERENCES

APPENDIX/ANNEXURE

It should be in a 8 point Calibri Font, single spaced and justified. The manuscript should preferably not exceed 5000 WORDS.

- 10. **FIGURES &TABLES**: These should be simple, crystal clear, centered, separately numbered &self explained, and **titles must be above the table/figure**. **Sources of data should be mentioned below the table/figure**. It should be ensured that the tables/figures are referred to from the main text.
- 11. **EQUATIONS**: These should be consecutively numbered in parentheses, horizontally centered with equation number placed at the right.
- 12. **REFERENCES**: The list of all references should be alphabetically arranged. The author (s) should mention only the actually utilised references in the preparation of manuscript and they are supposed to follow **Harvard Style of Referencing**. The author (s) are supposed to follow the references as per the following:
- All works cited in the text (including sources for tables and figures) should be listed alphabetically.
- Use (ed.) for one editor, and (ed.s) for multiple editors.
- When listing two or more works by one author, use --- (20xx), such as after Kohl (1997), use --- (2001), etc, in chronologically ascending order.
- Indicate (opening and closing) page numbers for articles in journals and for chapters in books.
- The title of books and journals should be in italics. Double quotation marks are used for titles of journal articles, book chapters, dissertations, reports, working
 papers, unpublished material, etc.
- For titles in a language other than English, provide an English translation in parentheses.
- The location of endnotes within the text should be indicated by superscript numbers.

PLEASE USE THE FOLLOWING FOR STYLE AND PUNCTUATION IN REFERENCES:

BOOKS

- Bowersox, Donald J., Closs, David J., (1996), "Logistical Management." Tata McGraw, Hill, New Delhi.
- Hunker, H.L. and A.J. Wright (1963), "Factors of Industrial Location in Ohio" Ohio State University, Nigeria.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO BOOKS

Sharma T., Kwatra, G. (2008) Effectiveness of Social Advertising: A Study of Selected Campaigns, Corporate Social Responsibility, Edited by David Crowther & Nicholas Capaldi, Ashgate Research Companion to Corporate Social Responsibility, Chapter 15, pp 287-303.

JOURNAL AND OTHER ARTICLES

• Schemenner, R.W., Huber, J.C. and Cook, R.L. (1987), "Geographic Differences and the Location of New Manufacturing Facilities," Journal of Urban Economics, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp. 83-104.

CONFERENCE PAPERS

• Garg, Sambhav (2011): "Business Ethics" Paper presented at the Annual International Conference for the All India Management Association, New Delhi, India, 19–22 June.

UNPUBLISHED DISSERTATIONS AND THESES

• Kumar S. (2011): "Customer Value: A Comparative Study of Rural and Urban Customers," Thesis, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra.

ONLINE RESOURCES

Always indicate the date that the source was accessed, as online resources are frequently updated or removed.

WEBSITES

• Garg, Bhavet (2011): Towards a New Natural Gas Policy, Political Weekly, Viewed on January 01, 2012 http://epw.in/user/viewabstract.jsp

CONSUMER PREFERENCES TOWARDS CONSTRUCTED HOUSES IN INDORE CITY

ANKITA PANDEY REASEARCH SCHOLAR DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA INDORE

DR. AVINASH DESAI

ASSOCIATE PROFFESOR

GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT & RESEARCH
INDORE

DR. RAJESHRI DESAI LECTURER SCHOOL OF COMMERCE DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA INDORE

ABSTRACT

Real estate in Indore is one of the thriving sectors of the Indore economy. Indore is indisputably known as the commercial capital of Madhya Pradesh. Being one of the fastest growing Tier-III cities of India, it is the single largest business centre of the state commanding most of the volumes in trade, industry and services over cities in Madhya Pradesh. The real estate in Indore is quite upbeat. On residential segment, we see the development of townships besides the construction of apartment houses, condominiums, bungalows, villas etc. at several locations. The city has already attracted a number of leading builders for various construction projects. Building contractors in Indore are contributing in the expansion of the city horizontally as well as vertically. Latest housing in Indore let people experience world-class living style within the boundaries of their city itself. The reason behind making this paper is to study about the constructed houses Indore. This paper will provide the information about the status of constructed houses in Indore. Further it will give an overview of mentality of the people living in Indore or further planning to have their own house in Indore.

KEYWORDS

Real Estate, Constructed houses.

INTRODUCTION

verybody is

verybody is still looking India from the point of residential projects. We are the only company that is bating in India's strong consumption theme that clearly makes us unique and differentiate us from the other real estate developer"

Manish Kalani, Indore owner of Treasure Island

Real Estate Indore is one of the thriving sectors of the Indore economy. One of the forerunners of the booming real estate industry in Indore, the Indore Development Authority (IDA) was established by the government of Madhya Pradesh as per the regulations of the Madhya Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act of 1973. The objective of this council was to provide spacious, well designed and comfortable apartments and residential housing complexes for the citizens of Indore at affordable prices. The property dealers and real estate agents assist the potential buyers and sellers in all property related matters that include the purchase, sale and lease of all types of property all across the Indian subcontinent. The Madhya Pradesh Housing Board was established as a body corporate under the Madhya Pradesh Griha Nirman Mandal Adhiniyam, 1972 which replaced the earlier similar Act of 1950. The objective of Madhya Pradesh Housing Board is to deal with and satisfying the need of housing accommodation and for matters connected there-with.

PRICE TRENDS OF REAL ESTATE MARKET FOR CONSTRUCTED HOUSES IN INDORE CITY

According to sources, rates of residential land in ward numbers 10, 36, 33, 39, 40, 41, 42, 48, 49 and 62 have been hiked by 50-100 per cent while rates in the central part of the city have been raised to some extent. The maximum hike in rates has been affected in eastern and southern areas of the city. Citizens were baffled when they learnt about the rates revised in the guideline released on Wednesday. On the basis of the Immovable Property's Guideline from the year 2001-2002 to 2009-10 say that the prices increased @ the of Residential properties are valued in square foot using mean and median price. These industrial units and educational Institutes have forced the builders in India to develop large-scale housing and residential property in Indore. The commercial properties segment of Indore consists of small retail markets to sprawling shopping malls, amusement parks and entertainment hubs. The office spaces in Indore prime in areas like M G Road, Siyaganj, Hamilton Road and Jawahar Marg. Despite of such an astonishing rate of real estate developments, property prices and rates in Indore are quite nominal and thereby attracting potential investors to reap high capital gains once the real estate market in Indore is fully recognized.

Municipal Corporation of Indore came into being in order to provide essential civic infrastructure facilities in the city. Indore Municipality is also responsible for maintaining heritage buildings and evaluating environmental effects on them. Indore has seen some major real estate developments in the past. Residential group housing has paved its way into the housing markets in Indore, while the commercial properties are registering a rise in the number of state-of-the art shopping and business centers within the city limits. On residential segment, we see the development of townships besides the construction of apartment houses, condominiums, bungalows, villas etc. at several locations.

Indore Development Authority was incorporated by the Government of the State of Madhya Pradesh in 1973 in the place of city Improvement Trust (formed in 1924 under the British Rule) under the Madhya Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act of 1973. The major task of Indore Development Authority Indore is construction of residential / housing societies.

The main function Indore Development Authority (IDA) is to implement the master plan made by Town and Country Planning Office, Bhopal. Indore Development Authority is entrusted with the development of the city according to the master plan. IDA Development projects are well planned by their Architects and cater to upper & middle class in accordance with their needs and budget.

RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

- To find out the growth rate of Real Estate market in Indore City.
- To Analysis of Current scenario for constructed houses in Indore City.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Both primary as well as secondary data from various journals, magazines, newspaper and websites of companies. Data is collected to analyse the data to relate current scenario, The study is empirical based on the data collected through questionnaire

Type of Paper: The paper is of exploratory type research.

SAMPLE PLAN

Universe: INDORE (M.P)

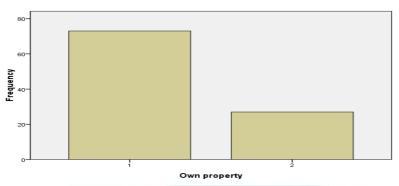
Sample size & Sampling techniques: A sample of 100 people was taken on the basis of convenience. The actual consumers were contacted on the basis of Simple random sampling.

DATA INTERPRETATION AND DATA ANALYSIS

Q.1 Do you have your own property?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Yes	73	73.0	73.0	73.0
	No	27	27.0	27.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Own property

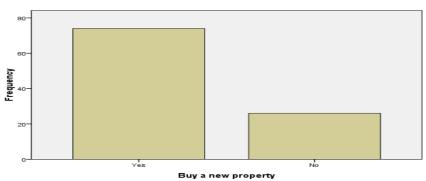


Interpretation: This graph and table show that there are 73% of people having own property and remaining 27% are not having their own property

Q.2 Are you planning to buy a new property?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Voc		74.0	74.0	
valid	res	74	74.0	74.0	74.0
	No	26	26.0	26.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Buy a new property

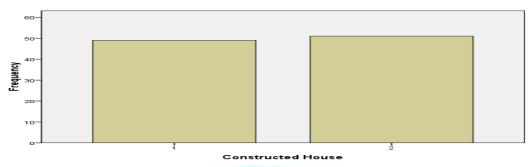


Interpretation: According to the graph and table 74% people are interested to buy a new property and 26% are not interested.

Q.3 Do you prefer constructed house?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Yes	49	49.0	49.0	49.0
	No	51	51.0	51.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Constructed House

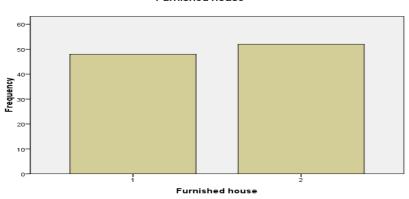


Interpretation: By analyzing this graph and table 49% people interested in constructed house and remaining are not interested.

Q.4 Do you prefer furnished constructed house?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Yes	48	48.0	48.0	48.0
	No	52	52.0	52.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

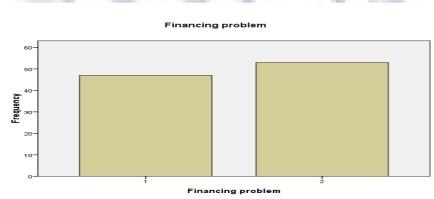
Furnished house



Interpretation: 52% people are not required furnished house.

Q.5 Is financing is a problem for you to purchase constructed houses?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Yes	47	47.0	47.0	47.0
	No	53	53.0	53.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

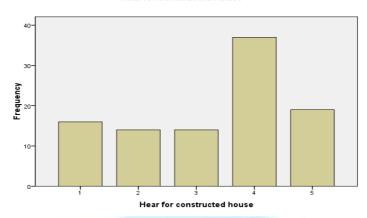


Interpretation: 47% people in Indore are not ready to invest due to facing financial problem.

Q.6 How did you hear about the constructed houses?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Prior of experience	16	16.0	16.0	16.0
	Interest search	14	14.0	14.0	30.0
	Word of mouth	14	14.0	14.0	44.0
	Broker	37	37.0	37.0	81.0
	Other	19	19.0	19.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Hear for constructed house

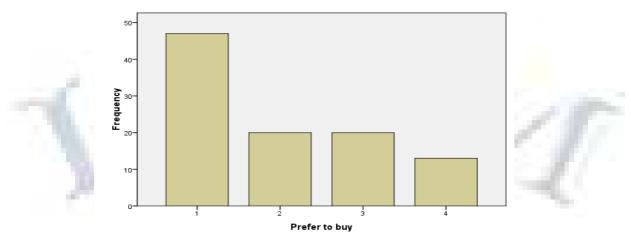


Interpretation: Most of the people having information through the broker of the city i.e. (37%), prior of experience are (16%), internet search and word of mouth having same ratio (14%), and (19%) people having information from the other sources.

Q.7 What is your preference towards buying/purchasing constructed house?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	> 0 to <=10 lakh	22	22.0	22.0	22.0
	>10 lakh to <=20 lakh	35	35.0	35.0	57.0
	>20 lakh to <=30 lakh	26	26.0	26.0	83.0
	> 30 lakh	17	17.0	17.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Prefer to buy

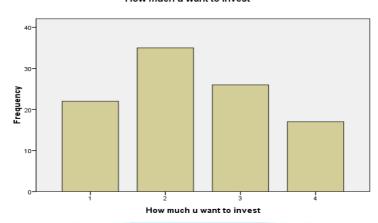


Interpretation: By the help of graph and table we understand that there are maximum people want to purchase plot/land and 20% people required row house/duplex as flats requirement and remaining 13% prefer bungalows.

Q.8 How much would you like to pay for having your own residence as constructed house?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Plot / Land	47	47.0	47.0	47.0
	Row House / Duplex	20	20.0	20.0	67.0
	Flats	20	20.0	20.0	87.0
	Bunglows	13	13.0	13.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

How much u want to invest

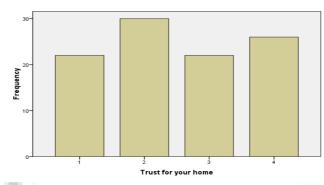


Interpretation: There are four category of investment 22% people are prefer 0 to Rs. 10,00,000. and 35% who want to invest more than Rs.10,00,00. and less than or equal to Rs.20,00,000 are comes in second category and 26% want to invest more than Rs. 20,00,000. or less than equal to Rs.30,00,000 And last category for more than Rs. 30,00,000

Q. 9 Whom would you like to trust for constructed house?

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Townships	22	22.0	22.0	22.0
	Own	30	30.0	30.0	52.0
	Local Builders	22	22.0	22.0	74.0
	Others	26	26.0	26.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Trust for your home

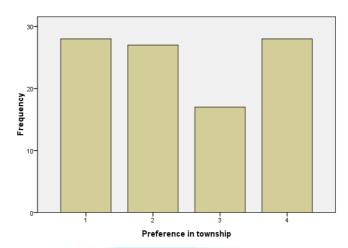


Interpretation: The graph shows trust of investor for property we observed that most of the people (30%) didn't trust on any one that's why they done their business self and 44% like to invest in townships and local builder both ratio's are same and equal and remaining 26% depends on other resources like media, advertisement, magazines etc.

Q.10 What is your preference in a township?

İ		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Flats	28	28.0	28.0	28.0
	Town house	27	27.0	27.0	55.0
	Terrace House	17	17.0	17.0	72.0
	Duplex	28	28.0	28.0	100.0
	Total	100	100.0	100.0	

Preference in township



Interpretation: Here we discuss about what kind of property people prefer in township graph clarify to us that maximum number of people (28%) want duplex same as flats and less have other choice like town house (27%) and small number of people (17%) required terrace house.

RESULTS AND FINDINGS

Real estate is a growing business in Indore city. People in Indore are more interested to invest in land comparatively constructed houses. Central Indore is most preferable area to invest money in real estate. Real estate prices are growing up day by day, that's why people are more interested to invest in real estate.

CONCLUSIONS

Indore has also emerged up as education hub of the central India with Indian Institute of Management (IIM) & Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) leading the trail of colleges for professional studies. Indore is indisputably known as the commercial capital of Madhya Pradesh. Being one of the fastest growing Tier-III cities of India, it is the single largest business centre of the state commanding most of the volumes in trade, industry and services, over other cities in Madhya Pradesh like Bhopal, Jabalpur and Gwalior. On residential segment, we see the development of townships besides the construction of apartment houses, condominiums, bungalows, villas etc. at several locations. The city has already attracted a number of leading builders for various construction projects. All these development works are preparing the ground for the real estate boom to arrive in the city, which is not too far now. Hence, it seems the right time to invest in Indore properties according to the Industry experts. In such a scenario, the work of real estate agents in Indore gets more significant, as they are the people who set the trend of property development in a city.

REFERENCES

- 1. "Flightstats". Conducive Technologies. Retrieved 2010-09-30.
- 2. "IBM Opens Branch In Indore". CRN Network. Retrieved November 1, 2011.
- 3. Indian Journal of Science Communication (Volume 2/ Number 1/ January June 2003) http://www.iscos.org/vol3/rp1.htm
- 4. "Indore City". Retrieved 2011-11-10.
- 5. "Indore Tourist attractions". Retrieved 2011-11-10.
- 6. "Infosys to set up Rs 100 crore development centre in Indore". mydigitalfc.com. Retrieved 14 Nov 11.
- 7. "Largest Tea Party at Indore". Guinessworldrecords. 2008-02-25. Retrieved 2010-03-12.
- 8. "TCS Indore campus". Dainik Bhaskar. Retrieved 11 July 2011.
- 9. Tiwary, Santosh (1998 -04-01). "Pithampur small enterprises tell a tale of untapped potential". The Indian Express (India). Retrieved 2009-09-01.
- 10. Trivedi, Shashikant (2004-07-09). "Pithampur units face bleak future". Business Standard. Retrieved 2009-09-01.
- 11. "Usha Raje is now Holkar cricket stadium". Dainik Bhaskar Online Edition, dated 2010-08-23. Retrieved 2010-08-29.



REQUEST FOR FEEDBACK

Dear Readers

At the very outset, International Journal of Research in Computer Application & Management (IJRCM) acknowledges & appreciates your efforts in showing interest in our present issue under your kind perusal.

I would like to request you tosupply your critical comments and suggestions about the material published in this issue as well as on the journal as a whole, on our E-mailinfoijrcm@gmail.com for further improvements in the interest of research.

If youhave any queries please feel free to contact us on our E-mail infoijrcm@gmail.com.

I am sure that your feedback and deliberations would make future issues better – a result of our joint effort.

Looking forward an appropriate consideration.

With sincere regards

Thanking you profoundly

Academically yours

Sd/-

Co-ordinator

DISCLAIMER

The information and opinions presented in the Journal reflect the views of the authors and not of the Journal or its Editorial Board or the Publishers/Editors. Publication does not constitute endorsement by the journal. Neither the Journal nor its publishers/Editors/Editorial Board nor anyone else involved in creating, producing or delivering the journal or the materials contained therein, assumes any liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information provided in the journal, nor shall they be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental, special, consequential or punitive damages arising out of the use of information/material contained in the journal. The journal, nor its publishers/Editors/Editorial Board, nor any other party involved in the preparation of material contained in the journal represents or warrants that the information contained herein is in every respect accurate or complete, and they are not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of such material. Readers are encouraged to confirm the information contained herein with other sources. The responsibility of the contents and the opinions expressed in this journal is exclusively of the author (s) concerned.

ABOUT THE JOURNAL

In this age of Commerce, Economics, Computer, I.T. & Management and cut throat competition, a group of intellectuals felt the need to have some platform, where young and budding managers and academicians could express their views and discuss the problems among their peers. This journal was conceived with this noble intention in view. This journal has been introduced to give an opportunity for expressing refined and innovative ideas in this field. It is our humble endeavour to provide a springboard to the upcoming specialists and give a chance to know about the latest in the sphere of research and knowledge. We have taken a small step and we hope that with the active cooperation of like-minded scholars, we shall be able to serve the society with our humble efforts.



