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REVIEW OF LITERATURE

NEED/IMPORTANCE OF THE STUDY

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

OBJECTIVES

HYPOTHESES

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

FINDINGS

RECOMMENDATIONS/SUGGESTIONS

CONCLUSIONS

SCOPE FOR FURTHER RESEARCH

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APPENDIX/ANNEXURE

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A STUDY ON CONSTRUCTION OF OPTIMAL PORTFOLIO USING SHARPE'S SINGLE INDEX MODEL

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ABSTRACT

Capital market comprising the new issues market and secondary markets or stock market, is one of the most sensitive market in the whole economy. The secondary market enables investors to continuously rearrange their assets if they so desire by divesting themselves of such assets while others can use their surplus funds to acquire them. This rearrangement is not a product of instant decisions but a thorough research. In order to have a model of the portfolio return, we have to model the individual assets as well as their dependencies. Based on these models, we compute the portfolio return and its characteristics. 'A portfolio optimization is only possible once we have a model of the portfolio return. The investment decisions are derived from the portfolio optimization'. We therefore aim to control the financial risk that an investor takes. This raises the question of how to define financial risk, which is still an open issue in theory and in practice. Risk is the exposure to some uncertain future event. The probabilities of the different outcomes of this future event are assumed to be known or estimable measures have been proposed so far, but no risk measure is well suited for all problems arising in the area of financial engineering. Obviously, the asset allocation process refers to the process of investing money in different financial assets. There is no generally accepted methodology for this problem. The first step of the elaboration of an asset allocation strategy is the definition of the risk measure. However, not all risk measures are well suited for the derivation of optimal asset allocation we consider the asset allocation process es an iterative process since a continuous monitoring of the portfolio characteristics is essential. Hence, an attempt is made to "study construction of optimal portfolio using Sharpe's Single index model".

KEYWORDS

Sharpe's single index model, Sharpe ratio, optimal portfolio.

INTRODUCTION

Portfolio is a combination of different investment assets mixed and matched for the purpose of achieving an investor's goal. A portfolio is a professional and stylish way to display projects and prevents them from getting lost, dirty or damaged. The key to creating an efficient portfolio is reaching desired goal by using as little resources as possible.

The ideal investment is to pick a low risk stock in hopes of big returns. That is nearly impossible. In the game of investing, high risk equals high return and vice versa. Harry Markowitz's Modern Portfolio Theory explains that by diversification the potential risk can be dispersed throughout portfolio. This means balance a high risk stock with a low risk stock, as well as investing in different sectors.

Here is a right way and a wrong way to build a securities portfolio. Like horse racing, where you may do well short term by picking horses by the color of their silks.

Building a portfolio is not as simple as putting random pieces of work into a folder, and requires time, thought and organization. Building a stock portfolio is very difficult to do because it takes a lot of study. But, in the end, the ability of the stock market to grow over time will most likely lead to reaching goals. This ensures people who view portfolio can see talents instantly, and are more likely to be impressed by what they see.

Investment managers of leading mutual funds are in the business of amassing stock for many companies based on the fund's unique characteristics. In essence, mutual funds can provide with more diversification than if you were to buy individual stocks on own.

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

One aspect of financial engineering is the development of portfolio management strategies. By definition, a portfolio is a collection of investments held by an institution or an individual. Holding a portfolio with different investments instead of a single one is reducing the investor's risk and is called diversification.

In order to have a model of the portfolio return, we have to model the individual assets as well as their dependencies. Based on these models, we compute the portfolio return and its characteristics. 'A portfolio optimization is only possible once we have a model of the portfolio return. The investment decisions are derived from the portfolio optimization'.

We therefore aim to control the financial risk that an investor takes. This raises the question of how to define financial risk, which is still an open issue in theory and in practice. Risk is the exposure to some uncertain future event. The probabilities of the different outcomes of this future event are assumed to be known or estimable measures have been proposed so far, but no risk measure is well suited for all problems arising in the area of financial engineering. Obviously, the asset allocation process refers to the process of investing money in different financial assets. There is no generally accepted methodology for this problem.

The first step of the elaboration of an asset allocation strategy is the definition of the risk measure. However, not all risk measures are well suited for the derivation of optimal asset allocation strategies.

There are many keywords describing different stages of the asset allocation process, e.g., strategic and tactical asset allocation. We consider the asset allocation process as an iterative process since a continuous monitoring of the portfolio characteristics is essential.

Hence, an attempt is made to "study construction of optimal portfolio using Sharpe's Single index model".

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

In paper titled "An extension of Sharpe's single-index model: portfolio selection with expert betas" A Bilbao, M Arenas, M Jiménez, B Perez Gladish and M V Rodríguez presented an approach to the portfolio selection problem based on Sharpe's single-index model and on Fuzzy Sets Theory. In this sense, expert estimations about future Betas of each financial asset have been included in the portfolio selection model denoted as 'Expert Betas' and modelled as trapezoidal fuzzy numbers. Value, ambiguity and fuzziness are three basic concepts involved in the model which provide enough information about fuzzy numbers representing 'Expert Betas' and that are simple to handle. In order to select an optimal portfolio, a Goal Programming model has been proposed including

imprecise investor's aspirations concerning asset's proportions of both, high-and low-risk assets. Semantics of these goals are based on the fuzzy membership of a goal satisfaction set. To illustrate the proposed model a real portfolio selection problem is presented.

In paper titled as CONSTRUCTION OF OPTIMAL PORTFOLIO OF EQUITY, USING SHARPE'S SINGLE INDEX MODEL: A CASE STUDY OF IT SECTOR it is found that Portfolio is the collection of financial or real assets such as equity shares, debentures, bonds, treasury bills and property etc. portfolio is a combination of assets or it consists of collection of securities. These holdings are the result of individual preferences, decisions of the holders regarding risk, return and a host of other considerations. Portfolio management concerns the construction & maintenance of a collection of investment. It is investment of funds in different securities in which the total risk of the Portfolio is minimized while expecting maximum return from it. It primarily involves reducing risk rather that increasing return. Return is obviously important though, and the ultimate objective of portfolio manager is to achieve a chosen level of return by incurring the least possible risk. This paper presents an approach to the portfolio selection problem based on Sharpe's single-index model. To illustrate the model, a real portfolio selection problem is presented. The study is carried out to fulfill the objectives like (i) to construct an optimal portfolio by implementing Sharpe's single index model. (ii) To know the proportion of each security in the optimal portfolio. This paper aims at developing an optimal portfolio of equity of IT sector, through Sharpe's Single Index Model. For the study, six top performing IT companies traded in BSE were taken and the optimal portfolio was constructed with 5 companies

In paper tilted as 'Construction of an optimal portfolio: an application to sharpe's single index model' it is found that an approach to the portfolio selection problem based on Sharpe's single-index model. To illustrate the model, a real portfolio selection problem is presented. The study is carried out to fulfill the objectives like (i) to construct an optimal portfolio by implementing Sharpe's single index model, (ii) to verify and investigate the optimal portfolio framed out of the selected stocks on the basis of risk and return (beta and expected returns, respectively). This attempt has been made by selecting the moist representative stocks of the Indian economy, that is, the securities listed in BSE Sensex. All the thirty securities have been taken for the study. Through implementing financial techniques suggested by Sharpe individually on these stocks, results have been found in terms of optimal portfolio. The research will be helpful for researchers to understand the practical aspect of the model as well as for investors who want to diversify the unsystematic risk by diversification of the investments.

In a paper titked as An extension of Sharpe's single-index model: portfolio selection with expert betas the Bilbao A, Arenas M, Jiménez M, Perez Gladish B, Rodríguez found thatapplication using quarterly data for 1996-2000 concerning 26 Spanish mutual funds. Sets DM goals of: 3.5% return minimum; Beta less than/equal to '1'; residual variance < 15; satisfaction degree for high-risk/low-risk assets proportion (~20%/~50% of budget) to be '0.5'; and, maximum investment in each fund to be no more than 35% of budget. Uses PROMO software (Luque, 2000) for solution calculation. *Research limitations/implications* - Seeks an extended model.

Originality/value - Presents a fuzzy-based goal programming portfolio selection model that enables both analyst and decision-maker to work together

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

- 1. Selections of companies are restricted to S&P CNX Nifty of 50 companies.
- 2. The companies chosen and analyzed are based on their performance of certain parameters for the recent past five years.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

- 1. To analyze the performance of securities based on aggregate weighted Average of EPS, RONW, SALES and NET PROFIT.
- 2. To construct the optimal portfolio using Sharpe model.
- 3. To provide findings based on analysis.

METHODOLOGY

I) DATA COLLECTION

A) SECONDARY DATA

Stocks covered in S&P CNX Nifty are taken out for analysis based on EPS, RONW, Sales, and Net Profit of the recent past five years of yearly data. The securities which tops on Aggregate Weighted Average will be selected for constructing portfolio. Data has been collected from secondary data only. This data is obtained from WWW.nseindia.com, www.nseindia.com, www.economics.com, www.capitaline.com,While calculating Weighted Averages, recent years are given more weightages and distant year are given the least weightages .But all of these (i.e. top fifty) securities are chosen, based on Weighted Averages, for Optimum Portfolio Construction. Only one security from each sector is chosen with intention to maintain portfolio diversification. These securities are further given ranks on the basis of excess of return over risk free return (Risk Premium) to beta. The criterion for awarding marks/points depends on the higher the rank, the higher the marks/points, for example, I rank- 50 marks, II-49, III-48......XXX-1.The optimum portfolio is built using Sharpe model.

II) STATISTICAL TOOLS USED

For analyzing the securities, various statistical tools used like,

- 1. weighted and simple averages,
- 2. standard deviation,
- 3. regression analysis,
- systematic and unsystematic risk etc.;

LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

- 1. The study is limited to construct the optimal portfolio.
- 2. Out of 50 stocks of Nifty index, the constitution of portfolio is arrived by considering few stocks.
- 3. The portfolio is constructed purely on the basis Sharpe's model which basically considers the "stock price movements and does not take into consideration company, industry and economic specific factors".

THEORITICAL BACKGROUND OF PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRUCTION OPTIMAL PORTFOLIO

Sharpe's single index model

SINGLE INDEX MODEL

Casual observations of the stock prices over a period of time reveals that most of the stock prices move with the market index.

Selection of securities based on the management efficiency and security analysis to be done on parameters like Weighted average of Sales, net profit, EPS, return on net worth, etc.

> Computing the rate of return of the stocks included in portfolio, using daily closing prices of each company

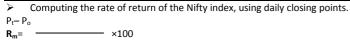
 $P_t - P_o$ ×100 R:= Po

Pt= current year price Po = previous year price.

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 P_o Pt= current year price. Po = previous year price.

β = _____

 $N\Sigma x^2 - (\Sigma x)^2$

> Computing the excess return to Beta to rank the securities using following formula:

Rank the securities highest to the lowest.

> Computing variance of the NIFTY movement $\sigma m^2 = \frac{X - mean}{N - 1}$

 Computing variance of the Stocks movement X-mean

> Computing the systematic and unsystematic risks Systematic risk = $\beta^2 \sigma m^2$ Unsystematic risk = σ_s^2 -Systematic risk

> Computing C_i values for all the stocks according to the ranked order using the following formula: $\sigma m2\Sigma(R_i-R_f)\beta/\sigma ei^2$

С

```
C_{I}= 1+\sigma m^{2}\Sigma\beta^{2}/\sigma ei^{2}
```

Zi

> Computing X_i and Z_i to determine how much funds needs to be invested in each security can estimated as follows:

 $\mathbf{Z}_{i} = \beta^{2} \not e \sigma e i^{2} \qquad \qquad \boxed{R_{i} - \frac{R_{f}}{2}}$

ANALYSIS FOR PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION

The following table shows ranking of securities based on weighted averages of EPS, Sales, Net profit and return on networth:

TABLE - 1									
Rank	WAEPS	Companies	WAS	Companies	WANP	Companies	WARONW	Companies	
1	124.835	SBI	151754.667	RIL	16206.389	ONGC	91.899	HUL	
2	91.125	Infosys	128849.427	BPCL	15532.467	RIL	44.797	Hero Honda	
3	89.979	Punjab Bank	60653.438	ONGC	15374.256	L&T	39.514	TCS	
4	84.578	RIL	58116.748	SBI	7882.680	NTPC	32.165	Unitech	
5	78.035	ONGC	44999.936	SAIL	7732.791	SBI	30.973	INFOSYS	
6	75.859	BHEL	41344.501	NTPC	7127.818	Bharti Airtel	30.476	Slemens LTD	
7	73.033	Hero Honda	29914.711	L & T	6494.823	SAIL	28.831	Bharti Airtel	
8	70.163	ACC	29650.219	Tata Motors	5045.867	INFOSYS	27.301	Jindal Steel	
9	66.453	L& T	29202.195	Bharti Airtel	4803.515	Tata Steel	27.029	Wipro	
10	64.683	Tata Steel	27037.639	ICICI Bank	4709.008	TCS	26.341	ITC	
11	62.058	Maruti Suzuki	26631.818	BHEL	3759.408	ICICI Bank	26.163	SAIL	
12	56.429	Jindal Steel	22541.479	Tata Steel	3551.987	Wipro	25.995	BHEL	
13	51.141	HDFC Bank	22284.722	Maruti Suzuki	3356.997	ITC	24.743	L&T	
14	44.441	AXIS Bank	20498.561	GAIL	3279.508	BHEL	24.319	M & M	
15	43.641	R Infra	20103.323	TCS	2837.068	Punjab Bank	22.129	Sun Pharma	
16	40.402	TCS	19321.860	Wipro	2741.463	GAIL	21.935	ONGC	
17	39.050	Tata Power	18412.367	Hindalco	2331.295	HDFC Fin – Hou	21.173	Punjab Bank	
18	38.127	BPCL	17935.067	Infosys	2109.831	HDFC Bank	20.969	Tata Steel	
19	35.815	Tata Motors	17370.195	HUL	2109.374	Hindalco	20.525	DLF	
20	35.024	ICICI Bank	15374.256	ITC	2076.529	HUL	19.894	GAIL	
21	28.518	Reliance Capital	14131.292	M & M	1793.017	Maruti Suzuki	19.429	Cipla	
22	26.103	Slemens LTD	12986.134	HDFC Bank	1740.368	R Com	19.113	Maruti Suzuki	
23	25.343	GAIL	12859.714	Hero Honda	1682.702	Tata Motors	19.029	HDFC Fin – HoU	
24	25.222	M & M	12545.295	R Com	1656.688	AXIS Bank	18.091	JP Associate	
25	24.271	Wipro	12243.248	Punjab Bank	1529.360	PGCI	17.991	Tata Motors	
26	21.635	IDFC LTD	12210.373	Sterlite India	1458.463	Hero Honda	17.357	BPCL	
27	18.776	Bharti Airtel	9407.682	HDFC FIN – HOU	1389.586	Ambuja Cement	16.645	RIL	
28	16.600	HDFC Fin – Hou	8970.503	AXIS BANK	1376.728	BPCL	14.879	HDFC Bank	
29	15.724	SAIL	8391.432	Slemens Ltd	1339.324	M & M	14.567	SBI	
30	15.031	HCL	8326.341	IDEA	1318.289	ACC	14.149	IDFC Ltd	
31	14.787	ABB	8262.291	R Infra	1282.278	JINDAL STEEL	13.747	NTPC	
32	14.780	Hindalco	7814.311	ACC	1238.711	DLF	12.663	PGCI	
33	11.411	Cipla	7007.242	Ambuja Cement	1027.789	JP Associate	12.570	IDEA	
34	10.710	Ranbaxy	6498.536	JP Associate	1022.159	R Infra	11.999	Hindalco	
35	10.083	HUL	6411.829	Tata Power	963.741	HCL	11.443	Reliance Capital	
36	9.563	NTPC	6293.366	Jindal Steel	954.379	Sun Pharma	10.307	Tata Power	
37	9.308	Sun	6262.410	ABB	935.819	Sterlite India	9.678	Kotak Bank	
38	9.116	Ambuja Cement	5458.643	Suzion Energy Ltd	869.393	Tata Power	9.575	R Infra	
39	9.057	RPL	5288.697	PGCI	865.983	IDEA	8.873	ICICI Bank	
40	8.863	ITC	4872.749	Ranbaxy	833.966	Cipla	8.211	Sterlite	
41	8.451	R Com	4822.363	Cipla	776.575	Slemens Ltd	6.439	R Com	
42	8.324	DLF	3213.029	HCL	754.453	IDFC LTD	4.568	Ranbaxy	
43	6.868	Sterlite India	2845.919	IDFC LTD	720.597	Unitech Ltd	1.275	RPL	
44	6.373	JP ASSOCIATE	2837.652	DLF	698.367	Reliance Capital	0.000	ABB	
45	5.589	Unitech Ltd	2691.805	Sun Pharma	435.098	Ranbaxy	0.000	ACC	
46	5.019	Kotak Bank	2636.466	Kotak Bank	346.181	Kotak Bank	0.000	AMBUJA CEMENT	
47	3.662	PGCI	2156.833	Reliance Capital	313.373	ABB	0.000	AXIS BANK	
48	2.865	IDEA	2077.625	Unitech Ltd	176.498	RPL	0.000	HCL	
49	-0.037	Cairne India	2.911	Cairne India Ltd	-6.747	Cairne India Ltd	-0.091	Cairne India Ltd	
50	-0.805	Suzion	2.850	RPL	-147.129	Suzion	-0.536	Suzion	
				of company collected					

INTERPRETATION

Source: Data of company collected from www.Capitalline.com

From the above table no.1 rank is based on weighted average of EPS, the SBI bank stands first is 124.835 which is followed by the Infosys, Punjab bank, RIL, ONGC, BHEL, Hero Honda, ACC, L&T, Tata steel, etc. On the basis of Weighted average of Sales RIL has highest rank is 151754.667 which is followed by BPCL, ONGC, SBI, SAIL, NTPC, L&T, Tata motors, Airtel, ICICI, etc. In respect of weighted average of Net profit ONGC becomes the first in its position 16206.389 which is followed by RIL, L&T, NTPC, SBI, Airtel, SAIL, Infosys, Tata steels, TCS, etc. According to return on net worth, HUL stands in rank one is 91.899and HEROHONDA on next rank then followed by TCS, Unitech, Infosys, simens, Airtel, Jindal, Wipro, ITC, etc.

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COMPANY	ARRIVED BASED ON AGGREGATE WEIGHTED AVERAGES Ranks in EPS, Sales, Net Profit, Return on					
	EPS Sales Net Profit		RONW	TOTAL		
ONGC	5	3	1	16	25	
Larsen & Toubro	9	7	3	13	32	
Infosys Tech	2	18	8	5	33	
RIL	4	10	2	27	34	
SBI	1	4	5	29	39	
BHEL	6	11	14	12	43	
TCS	16	15	10	3	43	
Bharti Airtel	27	9	6	7	44	
Tata Steel	10	12	9	18	49	
SAIL	29	5	7	18	52	
Hero Honda	7			2		
	3	23	26	17	58 60	
Punjab National Bank			15			
Wipro Maruti Suruki India Ind	25	16	12	9	62	
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	11	13	21	22	67	
GAIL (India) Ltd	23	14	16	20	73	
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.	18	2	28	26	74	
	35	19	20	1	75	
Tata Motors	19	8	23	25	75	
NTPC	36	6	4	31	77	
ICICI Bank	20	10	11	39	80	
HDFC Bank	13	22	18	28	81	
ITC	40	20	13	10	83	
Jindal Steel	12	36	31	8	87	
M & M	24	21	29	14	88	
HDFC Fin – Hou	28	27	17	24	96	
Siemens Ltd	22	29	41	6	98	
Hindalco	32	17	19	34	102	
ABB	31	37	1	44	113	
AXIS Bank	14	28	24	47	113	
ACC	8	32	30	45	115	
R Infra	15	31	34	38	118	
Tata Power	17	35	38	36	126	
R Communications	42	24	22	41	129	
Sun Pharmaceutical	37	45	36	15	133	
Cipla	33	41	40	21	135	
JP Associate	44	34	33	25	136	
DLF	42	44	32	19	137	
Unitech Ltd	45	48	43	4	140	
IDFC Ltd	26	43	42	30	141	
PGCI (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd)	47	39	25	32	143	
Ambuja Cement	38	33	27	46	144	
Sterlite India	43	26	37	40	146	
Reliance Capital	21	47	44	35	147	
IDEA Cellular	48	30	39	33	150	
HCL technology ltd	30	42	35	48	155	
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	34	40	45	42	161	
Kotak Bank	46	40	45	37	176	
Reliance Power Ltd	39	50	48	43	170	
Suzion Energy Ltd	50	38	50	50	180	
Cairne India Ltd	49	49	49	49	188	

INTERPRETATION

On the grand total of the parameters from the above table no.2, ranks are disclosed that ONGC stands first, which is followed by LNT, Infosys, RIL, SBI, BHEL, TCS, Airtel, Tata steels, Sail, Hero Honda, Punjab National Bank, Wipro, Maruti, Gail, etc., *The above mentioned are top ranked securities.

RETURN ON SECURITIES

TABLE -	3

TABLE - 3	RETURN
Unitech Ltd	128.1899396
Reliance Capital	69.21870372
Tata Motors	67.62084015
IDFC Ltd	59.853581
Larsen & Toubro	52.47982261
SAIL	48.98766952
AXIS Bank	47.70164887
Tata Power	44.84174059
ICICI Bank	42.8910775
Sterlite India	42.4331431 41.7257453
Tata Steel	41.7257453
HDFC Fin – Hou	
HCL technology Ltd	39.7143373
Cairne India Ltd	39.25158276
Kotak Bank	38.9398116
R Infra	36.86669074
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	35.65753712
HDFC Bank	35.32274241
Hero Honda	35.28564015
Sun Pharmaceutical	35.03378976
SBI	34.58814347
ACC	31.67543768
Punjab National Bank	30.95537808
Cipla	28.26783959
ABB	27.34668021
Slemens Ltd	25.59270603
RIL	24.20860552
GAIL (India) Ltd	23.77705178
Bharti Airtel	23.58622914
JP Associate	22.02018845
NTPC	21.36335307
Wipro	21.0023895
HUL	19.54928909
Hindalco	18.37560586
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	14.70831256
Infosys Tech	12.13201698
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.	11.24970371
Ambuja Cement	11.20563009
BHEL	9.68444462
ONGC	9.40154794
M & M	7.22240497
DLF	5.34215616
Jindal Steel	2.20874897
R Communications	-2.76144497
IDEA Cellular	-6.87599119
ITC	-7.92458089
PGCI(Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd)	-8.34809202
Reliance Power Ltd	-10.8979508
TCS	-17.4228325
Suzion Energy Ltd	-27.7599395
Sucion Lifergy Ltu	-21.1333333

INTERPRETATION

From the above table no.3, it is depicted that the security **Unitech** more than the half of the investment is earned annually is **128.18993960** which considers that it has the highest return among the selected securities.

SYSTEMATIC AND UNSYSTEMATIC RISKS

		TABLE-4				
STOCKS	σi ²	BETA	B ²	σm²	Systematic	Unsystemati
ABB	10.060077	0.823569	0.678265	3.284849	2.227999	7.832078
ACC	5.718074	0.783355	0.613645	3.284849	2.015732	3.702342
Ambuja Cement	11.078562	0.745617	0.555944	3.284849	1.826193	9.252369
Axis Bank	9.705511	0.054936	0.003018	3.284849	0.009913	9.695597
BHEL	7.894703	1.608975	2.5888	3.284849	8.503817	-0.609114
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.	6.866431	0.588148	0.345918	3.284849	1.136289	5.730142
Bharti Airtel	9.047526	0.155233	0.024097	3.284849	0.079156	8.96837
Cairne India Ltd	9.052882	0.950044	0.902584	3.284849	2.964853	6.088029
Cipla	6.913212	0.58832	0.346121	3.284849	1.136954	5.776258
DLF	8.293085	1.586738	2.517739	3.284849	8.270393	0.022692
GAIL (India) Ltd	6.799178	0.842969	0.710597	3.284849	2.334206	4.464973
HCL technology Ltd	10.333973	1.000139	1.000279	3.284849	3.285764	7.048209
HDFC Bank	5.721813	0.920333	0.847012	3.284849	2.782308	2.939506
Hero Honda	4.976923	0.547974	0.300275	3.284849	0.986359	3.990564
Hindalco	15.217519	1.215765	1.478085	3.284849	4.855288	10.362231
HUL	4.273614	0.568146	0.32279	3.284849	1.060318	3.213296
HDFC Fin – Hou	109.916128	0.996506	0.993024	3.284849	3.261934	106.654194
IDFC Ltd	15.187348	0.033589	0.001128	3.284849	0.003706	15.183641
ITC	11.544674	0.66762	0.445717	3.284849	1.464113	10.080561
ICICI Bank	9.679391	1.333076	1.777091	3.284849	5.837477	3.841914
IDEA Cellular	10.761334	1.034825	1.070862	3.284849	3.51762	7.243714
Infosya Tech	6.123996	0.74506	0.555114	3.284849	1.823465	4.300531
Jindal Steel	20.842149	5.029839	25.299279	3.284849	83.104318	-62.262169
JP Associate	21.152833	1.648036	2.716022	3.284849	8.921723	12.23111
Kotak Bank	14.905484	1.195643	1.429561	3.284849	4.695893	10.209591
Larsen & Toubro	10.441743	1.117558	1.248935	3.284849	4.102564	6.339179
M & M	14.359888	0.136981	0.018764	3.284849	0.061636	14.298252
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	5.7593	0.811118	0.657912	3.284849	2.161142	3.598159
NTPC	4.75351	0.803712	0.645953	3.284849	2.121857	2.631652
ONGC	9.718491	0.92327	0.852427	3.284849	2.800094	6.918396
PGCI(Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd)	5.427796	0.758664	0.575571	3.28484 <mark>9</mark>	1.890664	3.537131
Punjab National Bank	6.824818	0.056386	0.003179	3.28484 <mark>9</mark>	0.010444	6.814374
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	9.397955	0.727323	0.528999	3.28484 <mark>9</mark>	1.737683	7.660272
R Communications	16.070169	1.416149	2.005477	3.28484 <mark>9</mark>	6.587691	9.482478
RIL	8.233647	1.157005	1.338661	3.284849	4.3973	3.836347
R Infra	13.004998	0.096277	0.009269	3.284849	0.030448	12.97455
Reliance Capital	15.268508	1.587295	2.519505	3.284849	8.276193	6.992315
Reliance Power Ltd	11.714845	1.070624	1.146236	3.284849	3.765211	7.949634
Slemens LTD	14.199269	1.058892	1.121251	3.284849	3.683141	10.516127
SBI	6.61241	1.057847	1.11904	3.284849	3.675879	2.936531
SAIL	11.309794	1.352698	1.829793	3.284849	6.010594	5.2992
Sterlite India	20.034977	1.354059	1.833477	3.284849	6.022694	14.012283
Sun Pharmaceutical	8.887598	0.489663	0.23977	3.284849	0.787609	8.099989
Suzlon Energy Ltd	21.298866	1.52667	2.330721	3.284849	7.656067	13.642798
TCS	9.006015	0.863378	0.745422	3.284849	2.448598	6.557417
Tata Motors	9.046375	1.109531	1.23106	3.284849	4.043847	5.002528
Tata Power	7.325653	0.959894	0.921397	3.284849	3.02665	4.299003
Tata Steel	10.615811	1.333962	1.779455	3.284849	5.845241	4.77057
Unitech Ltd	28.353737	1.390386	1.933174	3.284849	6.350185	22.003552
Wipro	8.858219	0.942564	0.888428	3.284849	2.918351	5.939869

INTERPRETATION

Tata steels has got highest risk among the securities, wherein total risk of HDFC Fin – Hou is 109.91612847617, in which systematic risk is 3.261934413997 and unsystematic risk is 106.65419406218. Second highest risk is Unitech, it has total risk of 28.353737290643 where 6.3501849619094 as systematic risk and 22.003552328734 as unsystematic risk. Third highest risk is Suzlon Energy, It has Total risk of 21.298865505544 where 7.6560674608552 as systematic risk and 13.64279804468 as unsystematic risk.

RANKING BASED ON RISK PREMIUM TO BETA RATIO

TABLE- 5									
COMPANY	Ri	Rf	BETA	Ri-Rf	Ri-Rf/β	Rank			
IDFC Ltd	264.46873946	6	0.03358943	258.46873946	7694.94273145	1			
NTPC	1990.72215667	6	0.80371182	1984.72215667	2469.44504107	2			
Punjab National Bank	133.72483952	6	0.05638617	127.72483952	2265.18024210	3			
AXIS Bank	110.99902177	6	0.05493584	104.99902177	1911.30279467	4			
HUL	738.72136113	6	0.56814650	732.72136113	1289.66976667	5			
ITC	849.49501116	6	0.66762036	843.49501116	1263.43511883	6			
SAIL	1284.13645871	6	1.35269841	1278.13645871	944.87910277	7			
ONGC	731.43863151	6	0.92326974	725.43863151	785.72772441	8			
PGCI (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd)	495.44587513	6	0.75866406	489.44587513	645.14177357	9			
R Infra	60.01998980	6	0.09627679	54.01998980	561.09046868	10			
Ambuja Cement	368.88311832	6	0.74561659	362.88311832	486.68863269	11			
M&M	69.93384779	6	0.13698067	63.93384779	466.73627453	12			
GAIL (India) Ltd	339.72646460	6	0.84296945	333.72646460	395.89390069	13			
Bharti Airtel	44.91465524	6	0.15523287	38.91465524	250.68565751	14			
Hero Honda	121.01709966	6	0.54797382	115.01709966	209.89524592	15			
Wipro	203.58006467	6	0.94256434	197.58006467	209.61971051	16			
HCL technology Itd	214.61673399	6	1.00013926	208.61673399	208.58768683	17			
Tata Motors	225.28639063	6	1.10953147	219.28639063	197.63873079	18			
Tata Steel	267.40115372	6	1.33396210	261.40115372	195.95845663	19			
TCS	168.64391483	6	0.86337811	162.64391483	188.38086538	20			
ICICI Bank	253.16228647	6	1.33307592	247.16228647	185.40750962	20			
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.	105.64686154	6	0.58814802	99.64686154	169.42480240	22			
Hindalco	203.03152587	6	1.21576533	197.03152587	162.06378109	23			
RIL	179.36779680	6	1.15700523	173.36779680	149.84184387	23			
SBI	158.32223646	6	1.05784710	152.32223646	143.99267811	25			
Cipla	86.97521142	6	0.58832019	80.97521142	137.63799547	26			
Siemens Ltd	126.26840022	6	1.05889152	120.26840022	113.57952919	27			
Unitech Ltd	160.97783012	6	1.39038625	154.97783012	111.46386876	28			
Infosys Tech	86.64441652	6	0.74505956	80.64441652	108.23888511	29			
Sun Pharmaceutical	56.31954583	6	0.48966338	50.31954583	102.76354726	30			
ACC	80.49045237	6	0.78335507	74.49045237	95.09155634	31			
HDFC Fin – Hou	94.25524361	6	0.99650593	88.25524361	88.56469476	32			
Larsen & Toubro	94.14457831	6	1.11755770	88.14457831	78.87250796	33			
DLF	127.63289567	6	1.58673844	121.63289567	76.65592053	34			
HDFC Bank	71.41161990	6	0.92033270	65.41161990	71.07388466	35			
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	53.84373223	6	0.81111772	47.84373223	58.98494253	36			
Tata Power	61.81545157	6	0.95989417	55.81545157	58.14750584	37			
Sterlite India	83.58914282	6	1.35405932	77.58914282	57.30113998	38			
Reliance Capital	96.19811405	6	1.58729476	90.19811405	56.82505644	39			
JP Associate	92.03347141	6	1.64803585	86.03347141	52.20364065	40			
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	35.66181060	6	0.72732337	29.66181060	40.78214998	41			
Cairne India Ltd	39.25158276	6	0.95004434	33.25158276	35.00003246	42			
Kotak Bank	45.73446134	6	1.19564254	39.73446134	33.23272630	43			
R Communications	47.89465692	6	1.41614876	41.89465692	29.58351408	44			
BHEL	41.44958856	6	1.60897476	35.44958856	22.03240807	45			
ABB	13.08898107	6	0.82356851	7.08898107	8.60763981	46			
Jindal Steel	6.95965958	6	5.02983884	0.95965958	0.19079330	47			
IDEA Cellular	-6.87599119	6	1.03482457	-12.87599119	-12.44268026	47			
Reliance Power Ltd	-10.89795083	6	1.07062393	-16.89795083	-15.78327400	49			
Suzlon Energy Ltd	-21.26104595	6	1.52666993	-27.26104595	-17.85654216	50			

INTERPRETATION

Based on risk return analysis as per Sharpe model optimal portfolio construction IDFC has the highest ratio, followed by NTPC, PNB, AXIS Bank, HUL, ITC, SAIL, ONGS, PGCI, R Infra, Ambuja Cement, M&M, GAIL, Bharati Airtel, and Hero Honda etc.

The above table 4 discloses that the higher the risk premium to beta, the higher the efficiency. IDFC stands first in the ranking of (i.e. excess of return over risk free return to beta) risk premium to beta because of the highest. This is followed by NTPC, PNB, AXIS BANK, HUL, ITC, SAIL, ONGC, PGCI, R INFRA, etc.

CONTINUE								
COMPANY	(Ri- Rf) β / σei2	∑(Ri-Rf)	β2	<u>Σ</u> β2/σei2	σm2	σm2∑(Ri-Rf)β	σm2∑(β 2 / σe i2)	Ci
		β / σei2	/ σei2			/ σei2		
IDFC Ltd	0.57178758	0.572	0.00007431	0.00007431	3.28484929	1.878236028	0.000244087	1.877777687
NTPC	606.13804460	607	0.24545517	0.24552947	3.28484929	1992.950362	0.806527318	1103.194146
Punjab National Bank	1.05687101	608	0.00046657	0.24599605	3.28484929	1996.422024	0.808059938	1104.179116
AXIS Bank	0.59493079	608	0.00031127	0.24630732	3.28484929	1998.376282	0.809082413	1104.635293
HUL	129.55328837	738	0.10045462	0.34676194	3.28484929	2423.939309	1.139060705	1133.179298
ITC	55.86340057	794	0.04421549	0.39097743	3.28484929	2607.442161	1.28430192	1141.461266
SAIL	326.26305336	1120	0.34529608	0.73627351	3.28484929	3679.16712	2.418547514	1076.236941
ONGC	96.81080851	1217	0.12321165	0.85948516	3.28484929	3997.176036	2.823279212	1045.483684
PGCI(Power Grid	104.97914057	1322	0.16272259	1.02220775	3.28484929	4342.016691	3.357798398	996.378514
Corporation of India Ltd)								
R Infra	0.40085177	1322	0.00071442	1.02292216	3.28484929	4343.333429	3.360145145	996.1442302
Ambuja Cement	29.24350236	1351	0.06008668	1.08300884	3.28484929	4439.393927	3.557520821	974.0808877
M & M	0.61250153	1352	0.00131231	1.08432115	3.28484929	4441.405902	3.561831554	973.6014691
GAIL (India) Ltd	63.00625617	1415	0.15914935	1.24347050	3.28484929	4648.371958	4.084613177	914.2036565
Bharti Airtel	0.67357096	1416	0.00268691	1.24615741	3.28484929	4650.584537	4.093439286	913.0538868
Hero Honda	15.79384887	1432	0.07524634	1.32140375	3.28484929	4702.464951	4.34061217	880.5104735
Wipro	31.35286772	1463	0.14957023	1.47097398	3.28484929	4805.454396	4.831927825	823.990718
HCL technology Itd	29.60266796	1493	0.14191954	1.61289351	3.28484929	4902.694699	5.298112116	778.4387779
Tata Motors	48.63644147	1541	0.24608760	1.85898112	3.28484929	5062.458079	6.106472803	712.3728211
Tata Steel	73.09383518	1614	0.37300679	2.23198791	3.28484929	5302.560312	7.331743898	636.4286249
TCS	21.41440601	1636	0.11367612	2.34566403	3.28484929	5372.903408	7.705152822	617.2095445
ICICI Bank	85.76092565	1721	0.46255368	2.80821771	3.28484929	5654.615124	9.224571946	553.0417463
Bharat Petroleum	10.22786259	1732	0.06036815	2.86858586	3.28484929	5688.212111	9.422872234	545.7432446
Corporation Ltd.								
Hindalco	23.11703895	1755	0.14264161	3.01122747	3.28484929	5764.1481	9.891428432	529.2371094
RIL	52.28604796	1807	0.34894157	3.36016904	3.28484929	5935.899887	11.03764889	493.1112329
SBI	54.87210983	1862	0.38107569	3.74124474	3.28484929	6116.146499	12.28942512	460.2265669
Cipla	8.24744231	1870	0.05992126	3.80116600	3.28484929	6143.238104	12.48625743	455.5183775
Slemens LTD	12.11008426	1882	0.10662207	3.90778807	3.28484929	6183.017905	12.83649486	446.863022
Unitech Ltd	9.79292072	1892	0.08785736	3.99564542	3.28484929	6215.186174	13.12509303	440.0102826
Infosya Tech	13.97150586	1906	0.12908028	4.12472570	3.2848492 <mark>9</mark>	6261.080465	13.5491023	430.3413596
Sun Pharmaceutical	3.04193498	1909	0.02960130	4.15432701	3.28484929	6271.072763	13.64633812	428.1665977
ACC	15.76096141	1925	0.16574512	4.32007213	3.28484929	6322.845146	14.19078586	416.2289695
HDFC Fin – Hou	0.82459836	1926	0.00931069	4.32938282	3.28484929	6325.553827	14.22137007	415.5705956
Larsen & Toubro	15.53933869	1941	0.19701844	4.52640126	3.28484929	6376.598213	14.86854597	401.8388469
DLF	8505.10238449	10446	110.95166982	115.47807108	3.28484929	34314.57775	379.3280599	90.22362893
HDFC Bank	20.47978686	10467	0.28814785	115.76621893	3.28484929	34381.85076	380.2745821	90.17608928
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	10.78521087	10478	0.18284685	115.94906578	3.28484929	34417.27855	380.8752065	90.12703095
Tata Power	12.46263903	10490	0.21432801	116.16339379	3.28484929	34458.21644	381.5792417	90.06818115
Sterlite India	7.49772925	10498	0.13084782	116.29424161	3.28484929	34482.84535	382.009057	90.03140975
Reliance Capital	20.47547815	10518	0.36032482	116.65456643	3.28484929	34550.10421	383.1926698	89.92910832
JP Associate	11.59226350	10530	0.22205853	116.87662495	3.28484929	34588.18305	383.9220986	89.85761842
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	2.81631356	10532	0.06905751	116.94568246	3.28484929	34597.43422	384.1489421	89.82871414
Cairne India Ltd	5.18895032	10538	0.14825559	117.09393804	3.28484929	34614.47914	384.6359393	89.75947418
Kotak Bank	4.65329226	10542	0.14002138	117.23395943	3.28484929	34629.7645	385.0958885	89.69213488
R Communications	6.25670469	10549	0.21149295	117.44545238	3.28484929	34650.31683	385.7906109	89.58417256
BHEL	-93.64009092	10455	-4.25010696	113.19534541	3.28484929	34342.72325	371.8296501	92.11371263
ABB	0.74542940	10455	0.08660091	113.28194632	3.28484929	34345.17187	372.114121	92.05004565
Jindal Steel	-0.07752594	10456	-0.40633469	112.87561163	3.28484929	34344.91721	370.7793728	92.37983525
IDEA Cellular	-1.83944192	10454	0.14783325	113.02344489	3.28484929	34338.87492	371.2649828	92.24309702
Reliance Power Ltd	-2.27574644	10451	0.14783323	113.16763211	3.28484929	34331.39944	371.7386161	92.10582955
Suzion Energy Ltd	-3.05059262	10431	0.17083893	113.33847104	3.28484929	34321.3787	372.2997962	91.94052354
Surfor Energy Eta	5.05055202	10440	0.17003033	113.33047104	5.20404525	5-521.5767	5,2.255,502	51.54052554

INTERPRETATION

Based on Sharpe's model optimal portfolio construction the first six securities have been chosen as they are in ascending order, there after it has been declining. The first six securities namely IDFC, NTPC, PNB, AXIS BANK, HUL, ITC have been consider for portfolio construction.

Table No6 speaks that C* helps in determining cut-off point at which securities listed from above will be selected for portfolio construction. While calculating C* as per Sharpe model, only first six securities namely IDFC, NTPC, PNB, AXIS BANK, HUL, and ITC are selected for building Optimum Portfolio Construction. The C* increases from 1.877777687 to 1141.461266 and thereafter it decreases. Hence, IDFC TO ITC securities are chosen.

CALCULATION OF Zi AND Xi

TABLE- 6										
COMPANY	β/σei²	[(Ri-Rf/β)-C _i]	Zi	Xi						
IDFC Ltd	0.002212212	7693.064954	17.01868863	0.035148111						
NTPC	0.305401964	1366.250895	417.2557066	0.86174384						
Punjab National Bank	0.008274593	1161.001126	9.606811326	0.019840617						
Axis Bank	0.00566606	806.6675012	4.570626681	0.009439558						
HUL	0.176811125	156.4904682	27.66925578	0.057144361						
ІТС	0.06622849	121.9738532	8.078144065	0.016683513						
SAIL	0.255264648	-131.3578385								
ONGC	0.13345141	-259.7559598								
PGCI	0.214485699	-351.2367404								
R Infra	0.007420434	-435.0537615								
Ambuja Cement	0.08058656	-487.392255								
M & M	0.009580239	-506.8651945								
GAIL (India) Ltd	0.188796104	-518.3097559								
Bharti Airtel	0.017308928	-662.3682293								
Hero Honda	0.137317398	-670.6152275								
Wipro	0.158684368	-614.3710075								
HCL technology Itd	0.141899777	-569.8510911								
Tata Motors	0.221794163	-514.7340903								
Tata Steel	0.279623231	-440.4701683								
TCS	0.131664354	-428.8286791								
ICICI Bank	0.346982247	-367.6342366								
BPCL	0.102641091	-376.3184422								
Hindalco	0.1173266	-367.1733283								
RIL	0.301590312	-343.269389								
SBI	0.360237028	-316.2338888								
Cipla	0.101851445	-317.880382								
Slemens Ltd	0.100692154	-333.2834928								
Unitech Ltd	0.063189172	-328.5464138								
Infosya Tech	0.173248273	-322.1024745								
Sun Pharmaceutical	0.060452354	-325.4030504								
ACC	0.211583645	-321.1374132								
HDFC Fin – Hou	0.009343336	-327.0059008								
Larsen & Toubro	0.176293755	-322.9663389								
DLF	69.92436	-13.5677084								
HDFC Bank	0.31309096	-19.10220462								
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd	0.225425784	-31.14208842								
Tata Power	0.223282956	-31.92067531								
Sterlite India	0.096633743	-32.73026977								
Reliance Capital	0.227005613	-33.10405187								
JP Associate	0.13474132	-37.65397776								
Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd	0.094947459	-49.04656416								
Cairne India Ltd	0.156051228	-54.75944172								
Kotak Bank	0.117109736	-56.45940857								
R Communications	0.149343739	-60.00065848								
BHEL	-2.641500077	-70.08130456								
ABB	0.10515325	-83.44240584								
Jindal Steel	-0.080784832	-92.189 <mark>04195</mark>								
IDEA Cellular	0.142858277	-104.6857773								
Reliance Power Ltd	0.134675883	-107.8891035								
Suzion Energy Ltd	0.111902993	-109.7970657								

INTERPRETATION

As per Sharpe model, out of total investment 86.174% of total funds will be invested in NTPC. The second highest amount of investment made in HUL (5.714%) followed by IDFC (3.515%), PNB (1.984%), ITC (1.668%), AXIS BANK (0.944%).

The table No. speaks that Xi indicates percentage of funds to be distributed to six chosen securities. Out of the total investment, nearly 86.174% of funds is to be invested in NTPC, 5.714% in HUL, 3.515% in IDFC, 1.984% in PNB, 1.668% in ITC and 0.944% in AXIS BANK.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSION

FINDINGS

- 1. ONGC Stand First Rank on the basis of the aggregate weighted average of EPS, Sales, Net profit, and RONW and Cairne India has the least rank.
- 2. On total return of securities, The Unitech ltd company in Cement industry top in getting the highest returns followed by R-Capital, Tata motors, IDFC.
- 3. Based on Risk premium to beta ratio, IDFC Ltd.stands top in this ratio, which has been the for building Sharpe model. This has been followed by NTPC, PNB, AXIS BANK, HUL, and ITC.
- 4. On division of total risk between Systematic and Unsystematic risk, The HDFC Fin-Hou company has the highest amount of systematic risk and its unsystematic risk, is only 109.91612847617. The HUL company has the least systematic risk of 1.060317957227 and unsystematic risk of 3.21329609127.
- 5. IDFC, NTPC, PNB, AXIS Bank, HUL, & ITC are selected for building Optimum Portfolio Construction. The C* increases from 1.877777687 to 1141.461266 and thereafter it decreases. Hence, IDFC to ITC securities are chosen.
- 6. Lion's share of total investment is to be made in NTPC. This is followed by HUL hardly about 5% and the rest are negligible.

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CONCLUSION

The returns obtained by each of the companies and β_i , the sensitiveness of the stock return of the changes in the market returns is observed as shown in the above table. Also the portion in which the securities be invested to optimum return is also calculated and represented.

It is being assumed that casual observation of the stock prices over a period of time reveals that most the stock prices move the market index. When the S&P CNX Nifty increases, stock prices also tend to increase and vice-versa. This indicates that some underlying factors affect the market index as well as the stock prices. Stock prices are related to the market index and this relationship could be used to estimate the return on stock

Keeping all these assumptions in mind this portfolio has been constructed giving due consideration to the past five years performance of all the S&P CNX Nifty companies.

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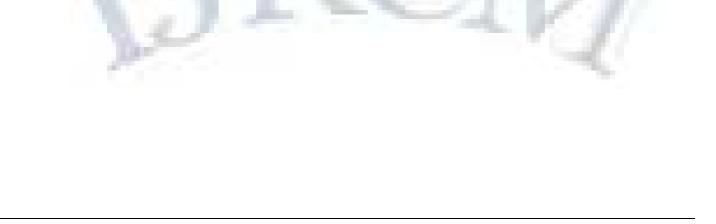
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