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• Schemenner, R.W., Huber, J.C. and Cook, R.L. (1987), "Geographic Differences and the Location of New Manufacturing Facilities," Journal of Urban Economics, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp. 83-104.

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FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF URBAN LOCAL BODIES OF CHHATTISGARH: A STUDY OF BILASPUR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

RAGINI TIWARI RESEARCH SCHOLAR PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY RAIPUR

> S.S. KHANUJA PRINCIPAL DURGA COLLEGE RAIPUR

O.P. CHANDRAKAR
PRINCIPAL
GOVERNMENT SATGURU GHASIDAS P.G. COLLEGE
KURUD

ABSTRACT

Growing urbanization is emerging as the most challenging issue faced by any developing country like India. Given the impetus towards urbanization the future of Indian cities will depend mostly on how successfully the urban local bodies are functioning with effective governance. Equity, efficiency, transparency, accountability, safety & security of people, civic engagement are the features of good urban governance. Rapid urbanization is creating a number of problems in the path of development as every infrastructural development works needs heavy investment. But it has been noticed that urban local bodies are facing shortage of funds because of heavy expenditures & inadequate revenues. The present scenario demands a proper check & management of finances of the urban local bodies, so that the revenues can be utilized efficiently towards the betterment of people & society. The present study throws light on the financial performance of Bilaspur Municipal Corporation. Various financial indicators were used to show the performance during a period of 4 years i.e. 2010-11 to 2013-14.

A STUDY ON RECENT TRENDS AND GROWTH PERSPECTIVE OF STEEL INDUSTRY

KHATIBUR RUB

RESEARCH SCHOLAR

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

HYDERABAD

BADIUDDIN AHMED
PROFESSOR & HEAD
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY
HYDERABAD

ABSTRACT

The Steel Industry is currently playing an important role in production and growth of steel industry in the country. Even in the tough times of economic slowdown, the industry succeeded to sustain its positive growth momentum on the strong fundamentals of domestic demand from construction, automobile and infrastructure sectors. With an impressive track record, the country has become a reputed name in the world steel industry. This research Study focuses growth and development of Steel industries. The Steel industry is growing in a rapid speed with demand increment and opportunity creation and attraction to the international players. This paper presents the world crude steel production and in the second part it shows the Production, consumption and growth of steel industry in India. In the Third part; the author has made an attempt to highlight the Trends in production of Crude Steel in private/public sector in India.

RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES BY INDIAN FARMERS: A CASE STUDY

K. KISHORE KUMAR RESEARCH SCHOLAR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT STUDIES ACHARYA NAGARJUNA UNIVERSITY NAGARJUNA NAGAR

DR. B. RADHA

READER

P. G. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & MANAGEMENT STUDIES

V.R.S & Y.R.N (P.G) COLLEGE

CHIRALA

ABSTRACT

Agricultural in India involves variety of risk this risk arise from climate variability frequent natural disasters, manmade disaster, pest out breaks accidental factors, borrowing money can also be risky with sudden changes in interest, risk also occurs as a result of changes in government policies, rural infrastructure, finally there are risks related to the health and well-being of the farmer and his family and the supply of labour for the farm, all these event severally affect farmers through loss in production and farm income and they are beyond the control of the farmers. These factors not only endanger the farmer's livelihood and income but also undermine the viability of the agriculture sector and its potential to become a part of the solution to the problem of endemic poverty of the farmer's and the agricultural labor. Risk management is involves choosing among alternatives that uncertain outcome and varying levels of expected returns. A risk management strategy is adopted by the farmer to cope with risk, how those risks are perceived subjectively by the individual farmer. Risk perception can vary from farmer to farmer which depend on his experience and on the degree of his/her risk aversion. The strategies to manage risk include transferring the risk to another party, minimizing the risk controlling the downside or reducing the negative effect of the risk and accepting some or all of the consequences of a particular risk. The inability to manage risk and accumulate and retain wealth sometimes referred to as "the poverty trap".

THE IMPACT OF IFRS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO WIPRO LTD.

MOHAN KUMAR M.S.
ASST. PROFESSOR
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
ST. CLARET COLLEGE
BENGALURU

VIJO JOSE VELLAKOTTIL

ASST. PROFESSOR

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

ST. CLARET COLLEGE

BENGALURU

SEEMA JOSEPH
ASST. PROFESSOR
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
ST. CLARET COLLEGE
BENGALURU

ABSTRACT

Accounting is the art of recording transactions in the most efficient manner. IFRS signifies the uniform accounting standard which brings in harmonisation of the business activities world-wide. Convergence with IFRS refers to the act of achieving harmony with IFRS and to design and maintain national accounting standards in line with the International Accounting Standards (IAS). The objective of this paper is to study the difference between IFRS and Ind AS, the opportunities and challenges faced by Indian companies in the process of convergence to IFRS, to study the measures taken to address the challenges faced by Indian companies and to study the impact of IFRS on financial statements of WIPRO LTD. The required secondary data was collected from the Annual Reports, Research articles from Journals, newspapers, Reports and official website of ICAI and IFRS. The study reveals that the adoption of IFRS has resulted in significant change in the values of Assets and Liabilities of the financial statements. The main cause for the variation in total assets and liabilities is due to the reclassification of the equity and liability and the difference in the concept of revenue recognition as well.

A STUDY ON THE FACTORS MOTIVATING WOMEN TO BECOME ENTREPRENEURS IN THE SELECTED TALUKS OF RAMANATHAPURAM DISTRICT

ARABATH ALI S ASST. PROFESSOR OF COMMERCE DR. ZAKIR HUSAIN COLLEGE ILAYANGUDI

ABSTRACT

Women entrepreneurs are those women who take the lead and organize the business or industry and provide employment to others. For developing countries like India, women entrepreneurship is of vital necessity to achieve rapid, all-round and regionally and socially balanced economic growth. The development of Indian women will be the biggest source of enrichment for our countries. Hence, empowering women entrepreneur is essential for achieving the goals of sustainable development of the nation. This study is conducted to examine the demographic profile of the women entrepreneurs in the selected Taluks of Ramanathapuram District, to analyse the factors motivating women entrepreneurs in the selected Taluks of Ramanathapuram District and to provide rank order to the factors motivating the women entrepreneurs in the study area. The present study is conducted to examine the factors motivating the women entrepreneurs in four Taluks namely Kadaladi, Kamuthakudi, Kilakkarai and Paramakudi in Ramanathapuram District. From each Taluk 30 women entrepreneur respondents were selected for the study. 120 women entrepreneurs have been selected by applying convenient sampling method for the purpose of the study. The findings of the study are, 36% of the respondents are belonging to 26-35 years age group of the entrepreneurs. 32% of the respondents are between the age of 36 to 45 year and 17% of the respondents are Above 45 years. On applying weighted ranking method relating to factors motivating women to become entrepreneurs, it is inferred that the most of the women entrepreneurs have given first rank to 'To meet Financial needs', second rank to 'To be Economically Independents', third rank to 'Lack of other Employment Opportunities' and fourth rank to 'To continue in the Family Occupation'.

AN ANALYSIS OF NABARD IN PROMOTING AGRICULTURE AND RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE IN THE STATE OF J & K

RIZWAN QAYOOM RESEARCH SCHOLAR RANI DURGAWATI UNIVERSITY SARASWATI VIHAR

DR. C. K. CHOUKSEY

ASST. PROFESSOR

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

G. S. COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS

JABALPUR

ABSTRACT

This paper reviews the contribution of National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) in rural development and roles it has been playing in propping up this sector in terms of the policy, research and its implementation. The Eighth Five Year Plan witnessed deceleration in public investment in agriculture and rural infrastructure. In this backdrop, RIDF was created in 1995-96 to support infrastructure development in the rural sector. The approach taken was to trace the development of micro-finance and looking clearly at the role of NABARD in the organization of the sector and then the particular SHGs funded by the banks. This paper provides a comprehensive look about sector-wise amount sanctioned under RIDF Projects, Agency wise Bank loan disbursed to SHGs and Outstanding against SHGs, Progress under SHGs Banks Linkage Programme in Jammu and Kashmir State, and financial progress of KCC loans in Jammu and Kashmir.

THE INFLUENCE OF ADVERTISING CREATIVITY, GENDER, AND PRODUCT CATEGORY TOWARD CONSUMER ATTITUDES ON ADVERTISING, CONSUMER ATTITUDES ON BRAND TO THE PURCHASE INTENTION

AV RAHAJENG WIDYARSIH

DOCTORAL STUDENT IN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT, FACULTY OF ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS, PADJADJARAN
UNIVERSITY, BANDUNG; &

LECTURER

PERBANAS INSTITUTE

JAKARTA

ABSTRACT

Advertising became one of the important part for businesses in the marketing activities of products and services. Ads may provide one method of effective expenditure to communicate with a broad audience So that the appeal could be created, need creativity in making high ad Creativity also can attract consumer involvement in the process of purchasing decisions on products and services on offer through advertisements. With the design of conceptual of (1) message (creative and noncreative), (2) gender (men and women) and (3) product category (durable and consumer good) as an independent variable will be influenced to attitude towards the ad, attitude towards the brand and purchase intentions. The hypothesis proven, that it does not look different responses attitude toward the ads, attitude toward the brand and the desire to buy the product offerings delivered through ad creative or not creative for the durable product (high involvement) (p> 0.05, two-tailed). This shows to the male consumer durable product marketing messages delivered through ads creative or non-creative ads in the same effect. And these results show that variable Attitude and Attitude toward brands, give more positive response to the attitude toward the ads, attitude toward the brand and purchase intention if the message conveyed through creative advertising for consumer products (low involvement). (P < 0.05, two-tailed). This study shows that gender is a very significant effect in response to the message conveyed by the publicity and advertising. Female consumers to significantly will respond more positively the product offerings delivered through creative advertising. In response to the creative advertising messages also seen significant differences between men and women. Women respond more positively the product offerings and consumer durable than men

INDIAN PLASTIC INDUSTRY: PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

SHAHID IQBAL SENIOR RESEARCH FELLOW UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION LALIT NARAYAN MITHILA UNIVERSITY DARBHANGA

ABSTRACT

The Plastic Industry has emerged as a leading industrial sector in India. In the history of India's industrial revolution, no industry has taken such great rides as the plastic industry. The plastic industry shapes the world we live in today whether it is industrial, technological or commodities used on regular basis. Since last decade with the advent of new and improved technologies, the industry has gained greater importance with the production of better and improved quality of plastics which has supported the radical change in human life and its day to day activities and even the plastic culture is dominant to every part of Indian economy. The paper is mainly focused on the past performance and present scenario of plastic industry in India and also put light on the future prospect of this industry. The contribution of plastic industry to the economic development of the country since its inception has been discussed with the reference of historical background and the present status of it. For the general reader it can imbibe a holistic idea of the Indian Plastic Industry along with its current strengths and limitations.

STUDY THE POSSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN BUSINESS ACCOUNTING AT THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE OF JORDAN

MADDALLAH SALEEM MUSALAM ALKAAIDI Ph. D. RESEARCH SCHOLAR ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY ALIGARH

ABSTRACT

The study aims to find out the obstacles and the foundations of the possibility of the application of quality management in the accounting work at the Ministry of Industry and Trade of Jordan and the views of accountants who hold a cash qualifications and working in business accounting in the application of the elements of total quality and the factors necessary to do so, it was found that he does not have and obstacles in the application of quality management in the accounting business, the ministry was working on plans to train staff to work as a team and staff participation in the activities of cost Corporation.

FINANCIAL INTEGRATION IN INDIA: AN ANALYSIS OF POST REFORMS PERIOD

MUMTAZ AHMED
RESEARCH SCHOLAR
CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF PUNJAB
BATHINDA

MOHD. FAYAZ

RESEARCH SCHOLAR

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF PUNJAB

BATHINDA

ABSTRACT

Financial integration in India has been examined in this study. Given the importance of financial integration that, it enhances the economic growth, it is essential to examine this issue. In this study monthly data has been used between April 1995 to March 2015 on exchange rate, call rates, money supply (M3), National stock exchange (NSE), Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI). The study, by using multivariate Johansen co-integration approach, found that there is a robust integration in the variables of interest. However, for reaping the benefits of financial integration, integration in the markets is a necessary but not the sufficient condition, unless market is stable.

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Thanking you profoundly

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